

2025/02/23

The following changes have been made relative to the previously published PS3 2024e release of the standard, by incorporating the changes specified in the supplements and correction items.

The Final Text of all applied Supplements and Correction Proposals is available at <https://medical.nema.org/medical/dicom/final/>

Production Notes

The DocBook XML files are the source format, and all other formats are rendered from it.

The PDF format is rendered from the DocBook XML, and remains the "official" (authoritative) form of the standard. The PDF contains hyperlinks to sections, figures and tables both within and between parts (which in the latter case work if you are reading the PDF in a tool that supports linking to other parts).

The two HTML formats are provided for the convenience of those who find them easier to navigate within a browser, and though the appearance and organization is different, the content is the same. One form consists of entire parts in one very large HTML page, and the other consist of chunks of sections with navigation elements. Both forms are hyper-linked within and between parts. The figures in the HTML are SVG, so a browser that supports SVG is required (most contemporary browsers do).

All paragraphs (<p/> elements) in the HTML files of this release, are uniquely identified with a hypertext anchor (<a/> element), each of which has an id attribute (derived from the source DocBook <para/> element xml:id attribute). These unique identifiers will remain stable in subsequent releases, so they may be reliably used as the persistent targets of hyperlinks relative to the current release base URL, and are more specific than the existing anchors for entire sections or tables. Unlike the section and table anchors, there is no semantic significance to the syntax of the identifiers (i.e., they are UUIDs, rather than being derived from the section or table numbering pattern). Subsequent releases will add new identifiers for new paragraphs and text split out of existing paragraphs into new paragraphs, and will, if possible, empty, rather than entirely remove, existing paragraphs that are retired (in order to avoid dead links).

The chunked HTML format includes navigation elements in the header and footer, as well as a hyperlink to the current release of that page, in case the user happens to find or be using an older release of the page.

The DOCX (for Word) and ODT (for OpenOffice or LibreOffice) formats are provided for the convenience of future Supplement and CP editors. Their main claim to fame is that they exist at all, and though they are viewable and editable, they are lacking many features of the Word source of previous release, for example the use of styles for section headings. They do contain embedded hyperlinks, and these are also present in the table of contents, even though the page numbers rendered in the table of contents may be meaningless. To reiterate, the intent of these files is to provide a source to cut and past into new Word documents, and not to be functional documents in their own right. Since Word does not support SVG, all figures embedded in the DOCX files have been rasterized to a fixed resolution and are adequate for position only and are not editable and are not intended to be a substitute for the SVG figures.

The rendering pipeline used to produce these files is available but requires some expertise to use it. It is not supported. To achieve quality rendering, the use of some commercial tools was necessary, to supplement the many open source tools that were also used. Oxygen (commercial) was used as the XML editor since it supports a WYSIWG authoring mode. OpenOffice (open source) was used as the equation editor. The DocBook (open source, version docbook-xsl-ns-1.78.1) style sheets were used to create the HTML and intermediate FO form used to create the PDF and DOCX. MathML equations were converted to SVG using pMML2SVG (open source, version pMML2SVG-0.8.5). RenderX XEP (commercial) was used to produce the PDF, and XMLmind FO-Converter (commercial) was used to produce the DOCX. The difference files were produced using DeltaXML DocBook Compare (commercial). The PDF files were post-processed with pdfd to generate object streams to reduce the size of the tagged PDF and improve searching for strings that span lines within tables and to linearize the files for streamed web page viewing.

Some characteristics of the DocBook XML may be of interest to those performing automated processing or extraction:

- Zero width spaces (U+200B) are used in some places to allow long words (such as PS3.6 keywords and UIDs) to break within table columns and avoid tables becoming too wide to fit on a page. These need to be filtered out before using these words literally.
- Enumerated values and defined terms are formalized in PS3.3 as DocBook variablelist elements with a title identifying them as such, to facilitate their automated detection and extraction.
- Template and context group tables in PS 3.16 are preceded by variablelist elements defining whether or not they are extensible, etc., again to enable automated extraction.

- Hyperlinks (xref and link elements) are used extensively but may obscure the identifier of what is being linked to from the perspective of automated extraction. It may be useful to consult the olink targetdb files that are included in the package to "look up" the target of such links, rather than reinventing this mechanism, which is used by the DocBook stylesheets for cross-document linking. E.g., one can look up "sect_TID_300" in "output/html/targetdb/PS3_16_target.db" to determine that it has a "number" of "TID 300" and a "ttl" of "Measurement", etc.

Changes to Parts

General Changes

PS3.1

PS3.2

- CP 2420
- CP 2423

PS3.3

- Make title of Encapsulated Document IODs section plural
- Include superscript from Sup 188 in Rescale Type electron density in 10^{23} electrons/ml
- Use consistent pattern for specifying storage SOP Class UIDs (quoted UID with name following in parentheses)
- Move inclusion of Table C.36.2.4.5-2 to CT Image Module, not Enhanced PET Image Module (CP 2220)
- CP 2406
- CP 2410
- CP 2411
- CP 2412
- CP 2413
- CP 2414
- CP 2416 (FT2 with SCT code)
- CP 2423
- CP 2429
- CP 2430
- CP 2431
- Sup 236

PS3.4

- CP 2420
- CP 2423
- Sup 236

PS3.5

- Correct definition of control characters wrt. TAB in LT, ST and UT not applied to 2015a when CP-1425 processed
- Sup 244

PS3.6

- CP 2412
- CP 2413
- Sup 236
- Sup 244

PS3.7

- CP 2420

PS3.8**PS3.10****PS3.11****PS3.12****PS3.14****PS3.15**

- CP 2413
- CP 2423
- Sup 236

PS3.16

- Replace SRT codes with hyperlinked SCT codes in description of TID 5223
- Clarify use of release vs. edition of standard
- CP 2408
- CP 2415
- CP 2416 (FT2 with SCT code)
- CP 2423

PS3.17

- CP 2423
- Sup 236

PS3.18

- CP 2417

- CP 2418
- CP 2419
- CP 2432
- Sup 244

PS3.19

- CP 2417
- CP 2424

PS3.20

PS3.21

PS3.22

Supplements Incorporated

Sup 236 Waveform Presentation State

Sup 244 Frame Deflate Transfer Syntax

Correction Items Incorporated

CP 2406 Clarify Series and Frame of Reference relationship for Whole Slide Microscopy Images

CP 2408 CID Entries that are inconsistent or incomplete

CP 2410 Formally define Attribute Value

CP 2411 Clarify Point Coordinates origin in Microscopy Bulk Simple Annotations

CP 2412 Add flag to whole slide microscopy images indicating tiles are nonoverlapping

CP 2413 Clarify Admitting Diagnosis meaning and add other types of diagnosis

CP 2414 Clarify location of ICC Profile when Optical Path Sequence present

CP 2415 Add PAXgene fixation system

CP 2416 Add support for FLIO Ophthalmic Photography

CP 2417 Note for ordering tags in XML representation

CP 2418 Remove Partial Content status code

CP 2419 Explicitly reference PS3.4 requirements from UPS-RS retrieve and search

CP 2420 Add missing Status Codes to DIMSE Services and further improve consistency

CP 2423 Add missing abbreviation "MPPS" to various Parts

CP 2424 Correct the Relax NG Compact Schema for the Native DICOM Model

CP 2429 Update ROI DateTime and ROI Observation DateTime

CP 2430 Add Examples of Ion Control Point Sequence for Arc Treatment Techniques

- CP 2431** Remove LUT restrictions for Ophthalmic Tomography Images
- CP 2432** Clarify Support of Mandatory Query Parameters in DICOMweb