**Correction Number** | CP-1275
---|---
**Log Summary:** | Correct PS3.19 example
**Name of Standard** | PS3.19 2011

**Rationale for Correction:**
The name of the Native DICOM Model specified in A.1.5 is spelled incorrectly when used in section A.1.1, Figure A.1.4-1 and in section A.1.7.

**Correction Wording:**

**Correct in Section A.1.1 two occurrences**

A.1  NATIVE DICOM MODEL
A.1.1  Usage
...

With the exception of padding, a data source that is creating a new instance of a *Native DICOM Model* (e.g. the result from some analysis application) shall follow the DICOM encoding rules (e.g. the handling of character sets) in creating Values for the DicomAttributes within the instance of the *DICOM Native DICOM* Model.

**Replace Figure A.1.4-1 with corrected version in this CP**

A.1.5  A.1.4  Information Model
A diagram of the Native DICOM Model appears in Figure A.1.4-1.
Figure A.1.4-1 Native DICOM Model

Description

Table A.1.5-1 Native DICOM Model

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Optionality</th>
<th>Cardinality</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NativeDicomModel</td>
<td>R</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>An Infoset ...</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Include ‘DICOM DataSet Macro’ Table A.1.5-2
A.1.7 Examples
Here is an example XPath query to extract the code meaning of the first item in the View Code Sequence:

/DicomNativeDicomModel/DicomAttribute[@keyword="ViewCodeSequence"]/Item[@number=1]/
/DicomAttribute[@keyword="CodeMeaning"]/Value[@number=1]