

Future Topics

for

Projection Imaging – Dose Reporting, XA 3D Volume Objects

DICOM WG-02

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Presentation outline

- Dose Reporting
 - „Why Dose Reporting?“
 - User Scenarios (as of today)
 - Solution outline
 - Next steps
- XA 3D Volume Object
 - Issues to be solved
 - Solution outline
 - Scope of Work
 - Invitation

Why Dose Reporting ?

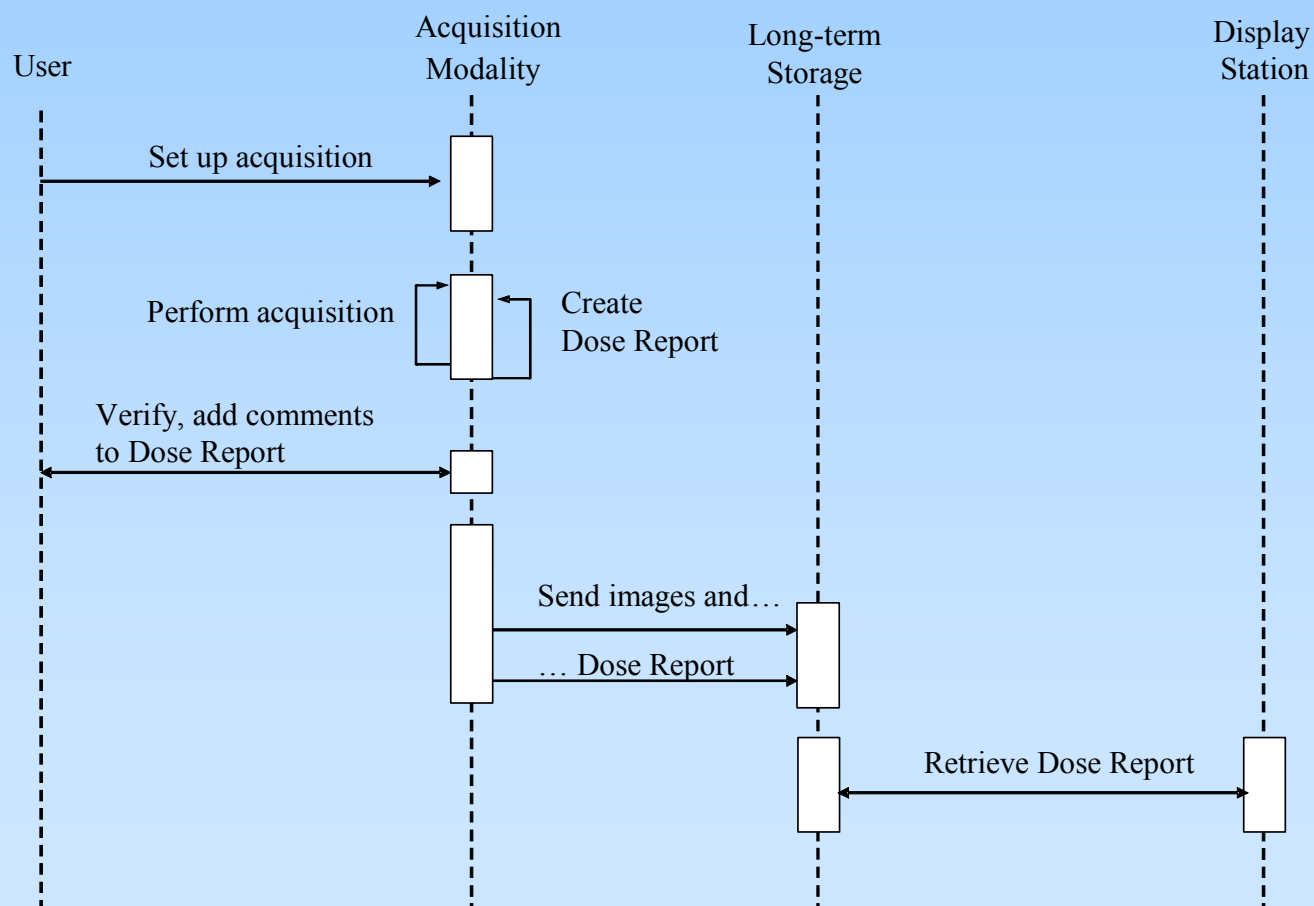
- MPPS solution delivers Dose Data into an environment where further evaluation is not typically expected.
- Initiated from IEC
- Flexible and equipment-dependent structure for dose information needed (Projection X-Ray, CT, Mammography).
- Close relationship to images generated by irradiation shall be kept, but application of dose shall be recorded independently from image storage.
- Retrieval and “Data Mining” of dose information shall be possible in future. Support new applications related to dose evaluation and reporting.
- Transposing of dose information into other presentations (graphical, new algorithms) shall be possible.
- Establish a clear responsibility of and capability for X-Ray equipment to store dose-related information.

User scenarios (as of Supplement 94)

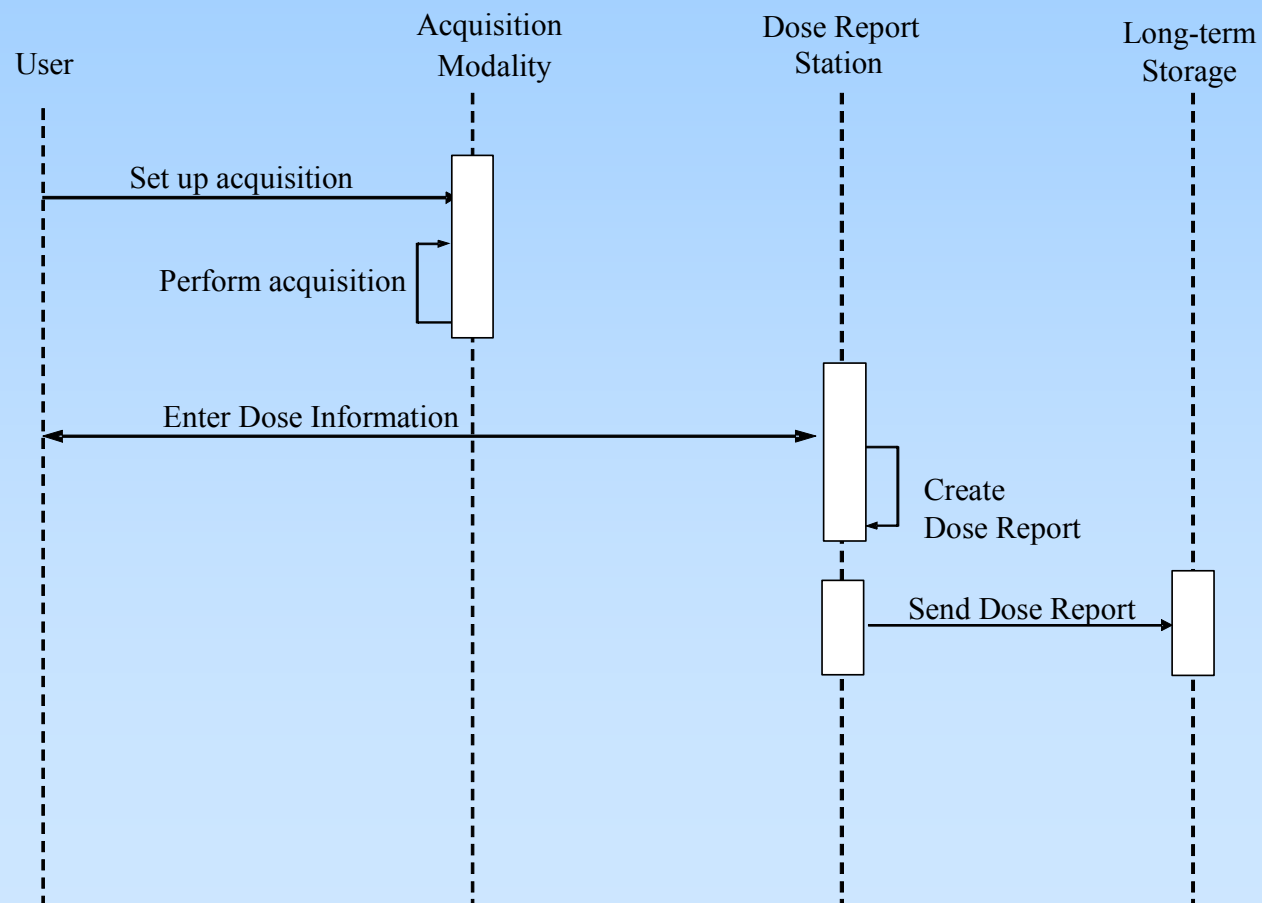
- The solution for Dose Reporting shall be scalable from simple Radiography to complex interventional X-Ray procedures.
- Dose Reports shall be interchangeable between different devices – Acquisition Systems, Display Stations, Dose Report Stations, Radiation Safety Station, PACS.
- The possibility to create secondary reports to summarize dose with extended scope (e.g. visit, certain time period) shall be provided.

Scenario

“Basic Dose Reporting”

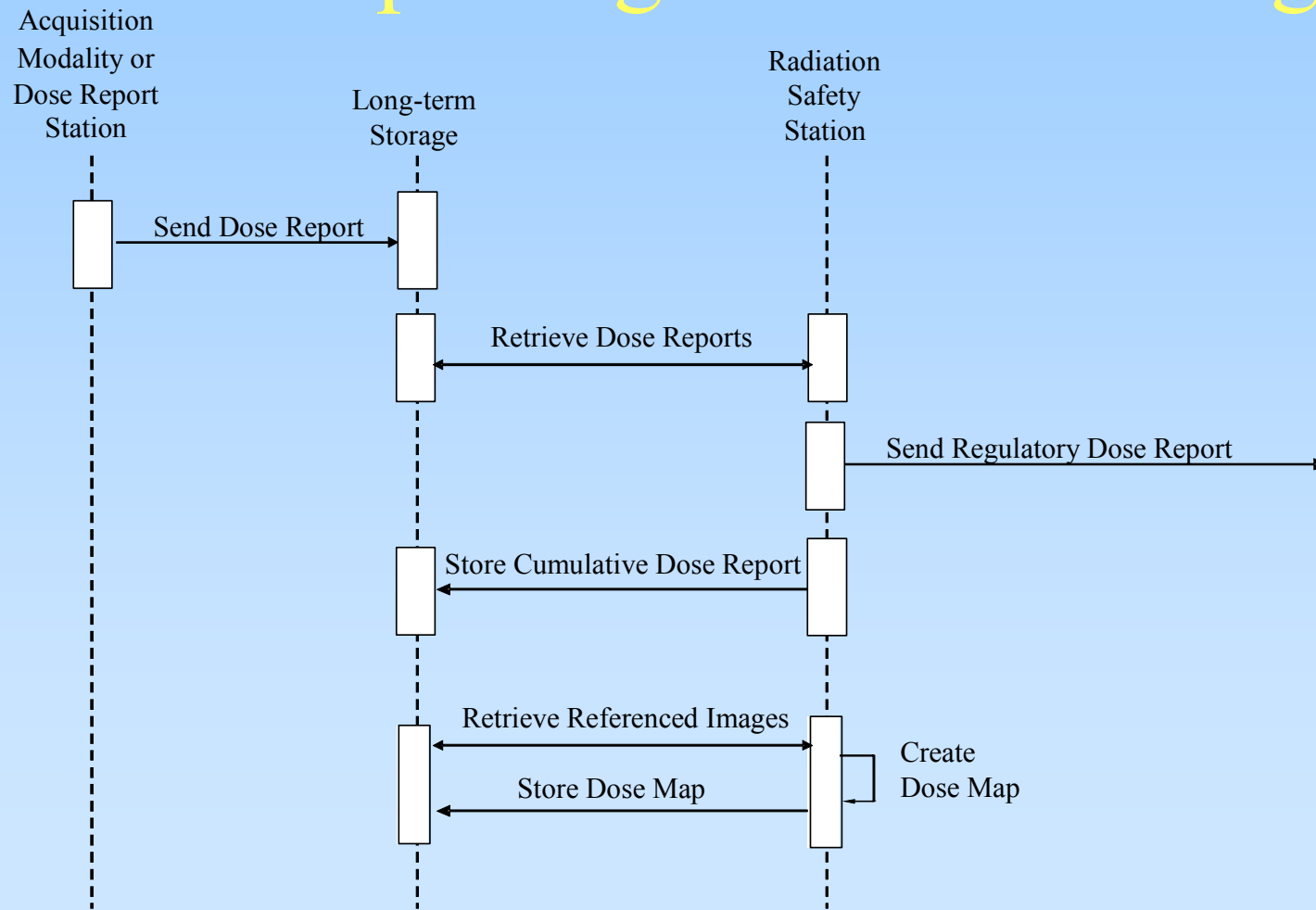


Scenario - “Dose Reporting for Non-Digital Imaging”



Scenario

“Dose Reporting Post-Processing”



“Print a dose report”

Patient Position: HFS 02-Mar-05 13:34:47

1 CARD FIXED Auto 2s 60F/s 02-Mar-05 13:36:08

A 62kV 99mA 3.6ms 0.0CL small 0.9Cu 23cm 0.7 μ Gym² 0.1mGy 28LAO 12CRA 127F

2 CARD FIXED Auto 3s 60F/s 02-Mar-05 13:36:18

A 62kV 99mA 3.6ms 0.0CL small 0.9Cu 23cm 0.8 μ Gym² 0.1mGy 0LAO 0CRA 157F

Patient Position: HFS 02-Mar-05 13:36:48

Accumulated exposure data 02-Mar-05 13:36:49

Phys: TBD Exposures: 2 Fluoro: 0.3min Total: 2.5 μ Gym² 0.3mGy

A Fluoro: 0.3min 1.0 μ Gym² 0.1mGy Total: 2.5 μ Gym² 0.3mGy

B Fluoro: 0.0min 0.0 μ Gym² 0.0mGy Total: 0.0 μ Gym² 0.0mGy

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Example with irradiation events and accumulated values section

Solution outline – Projection X-Ray

- Structure to encode accumulated values as well as individual irradiation event data in one object is needed.
- Relationship to patient, study, procedure shall be provided.
- Possibility to create an additional dose report summary derived from “basic reports” shall be available
- Supplement 94 defines open solution to be extended for equipment dose reports not yet specified
- Existing DICOM services for workflow management and information retrieval shall be applicable to the solution.

Solution outline – X-Ray accumulated data

- Equipment identification and calibration information
- Scope of report and reference information
- Accumulated values, one set for each plane (X-Ray source)
 - Dose Area Product (grand total, total for fluoroscopy and acquisition modes)
 - Dose at “Reference Point (RP)” (grand total, total for fluoroscopy and acquisition modes).
 - Grand total of radiographic frames in report scope
 - Total time of fluoroscopy

Solution outline

X-Ray irradiation event data

- General Event information (method, plane, type)
- Link to acquired image(s), if any
- Dose at RP, Dose Area Product
- Acquisition parameters (e.g. kV, mA, filtration), some with “per frame” encoding option.
- Geometry information (e.g. C-arm/Table Angulations, Source to ... Distances, Collimated Area, Patient Orientation/Position)
- Timing of X-Ray application
- Event Unique Identifier

Next Steps

- Proceed Supplement 94 “Diagnostic X-Ray Radiation Dose Reporting” to Final Text.
- Extend the Standard with CT and Mammography equipment by defining the related Dose Report Templates.
- Foster implementations to gain experience in features connected with Dose Reporting (e.g. Features of Radiation Safety Station)
- Apply results from practical experience to extent existing Standard according to further needs.

XA 3D Volume Object

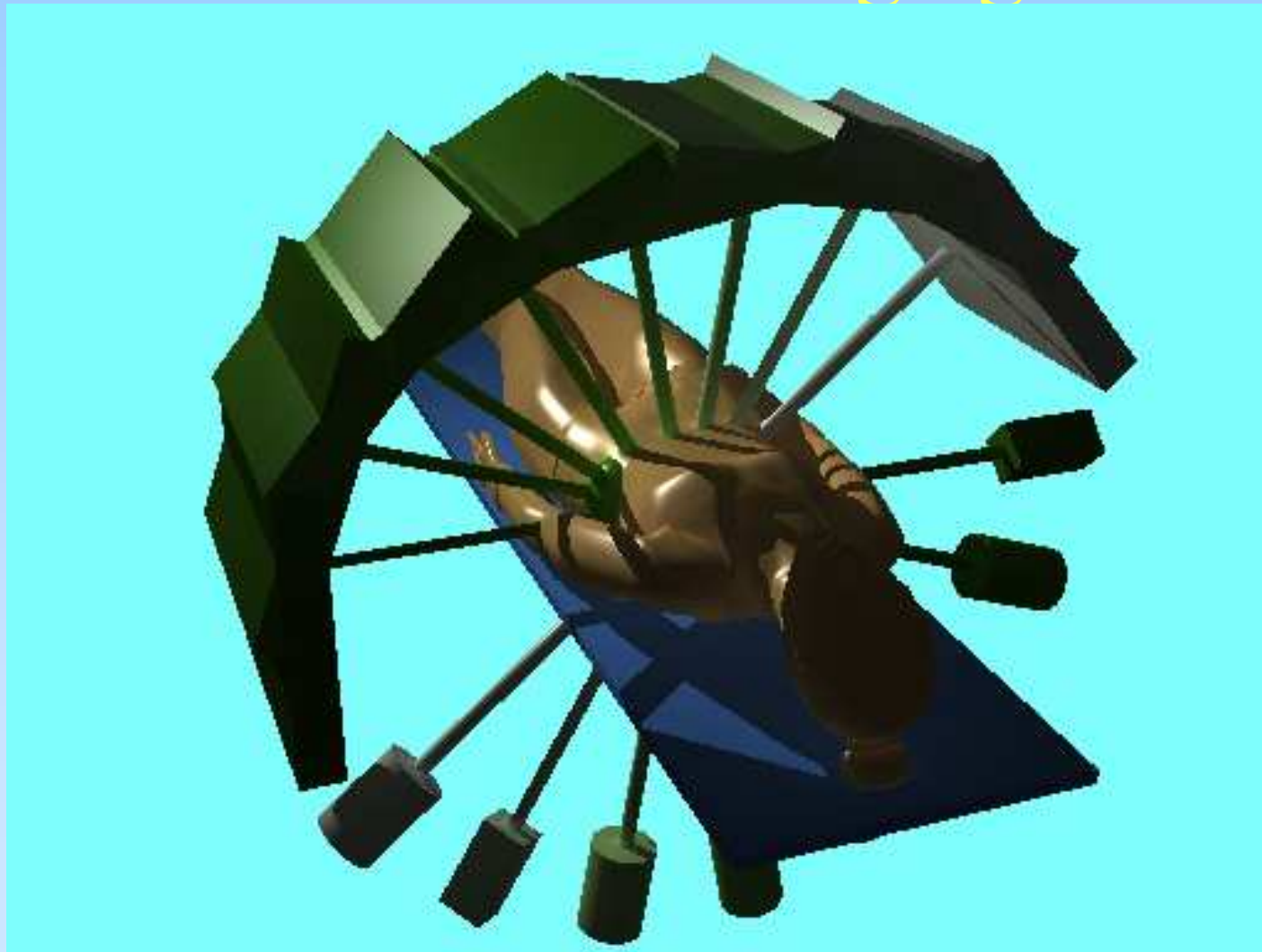
- Problems to be solved
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- Scope of Work
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XA 3D Volume Objects

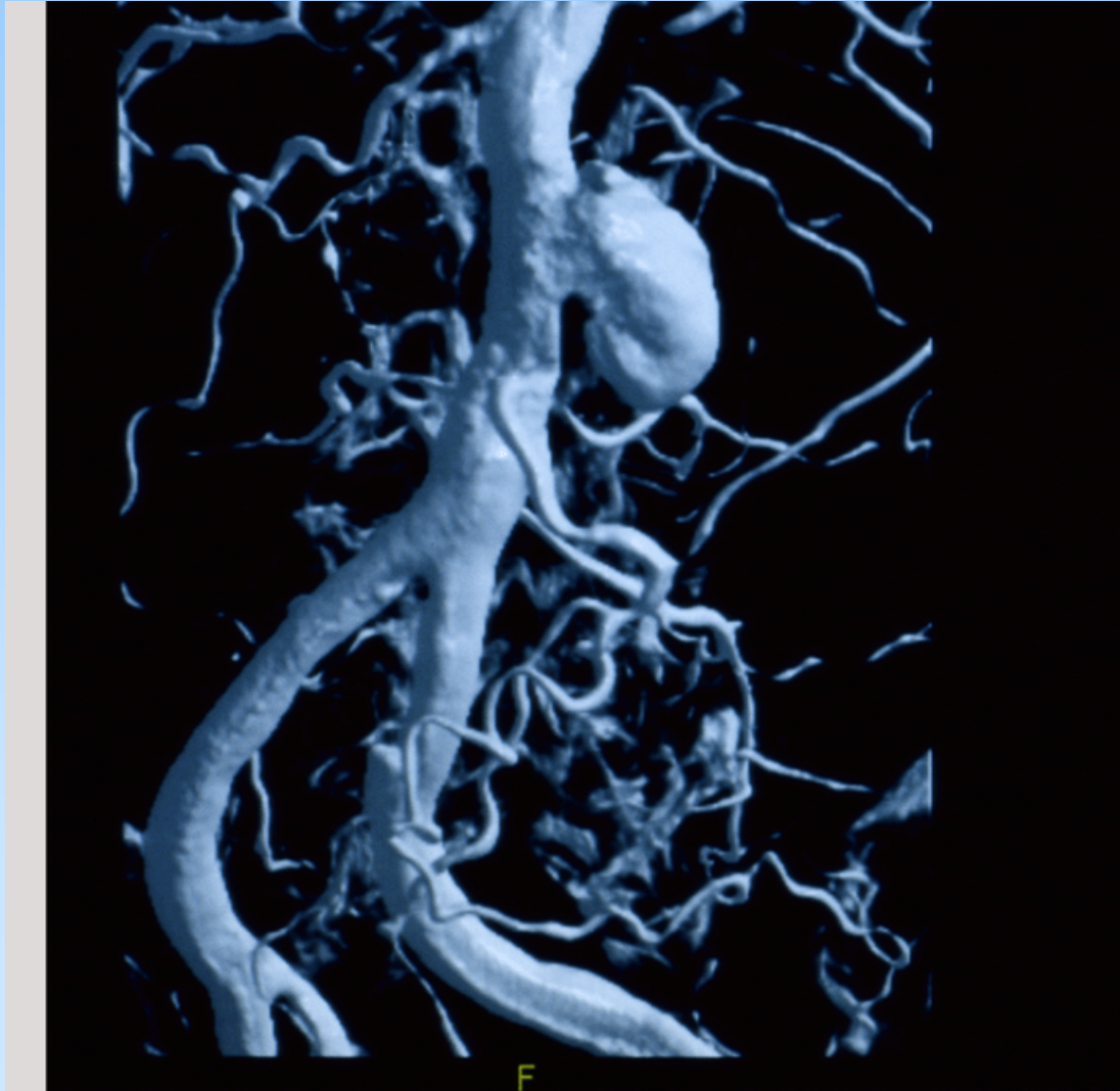
“Problems to be solved”

- Volume Objects encoding
 - Make 3D reconstruction from 2D projection imaging an integral part of XA procedure, no “extra CT modality”.
 - Use new “enhanced” encoding schemes where applicable
 - Provide concept for 3D (color) overlay.
- Volume content
 - Define relation between volume reference system and C-arm isocenter.
 - Preserve geometrical data and other specifics of the 2D acquisition context
- Volume application
 - Align with future “3D Presentation State”, Segmentation IOD (Supplement 111), multi-dimensional image registration.
 - Provide concept for 4D viewing – 3D multi-volume sets.

From 2D rotational angiograms...



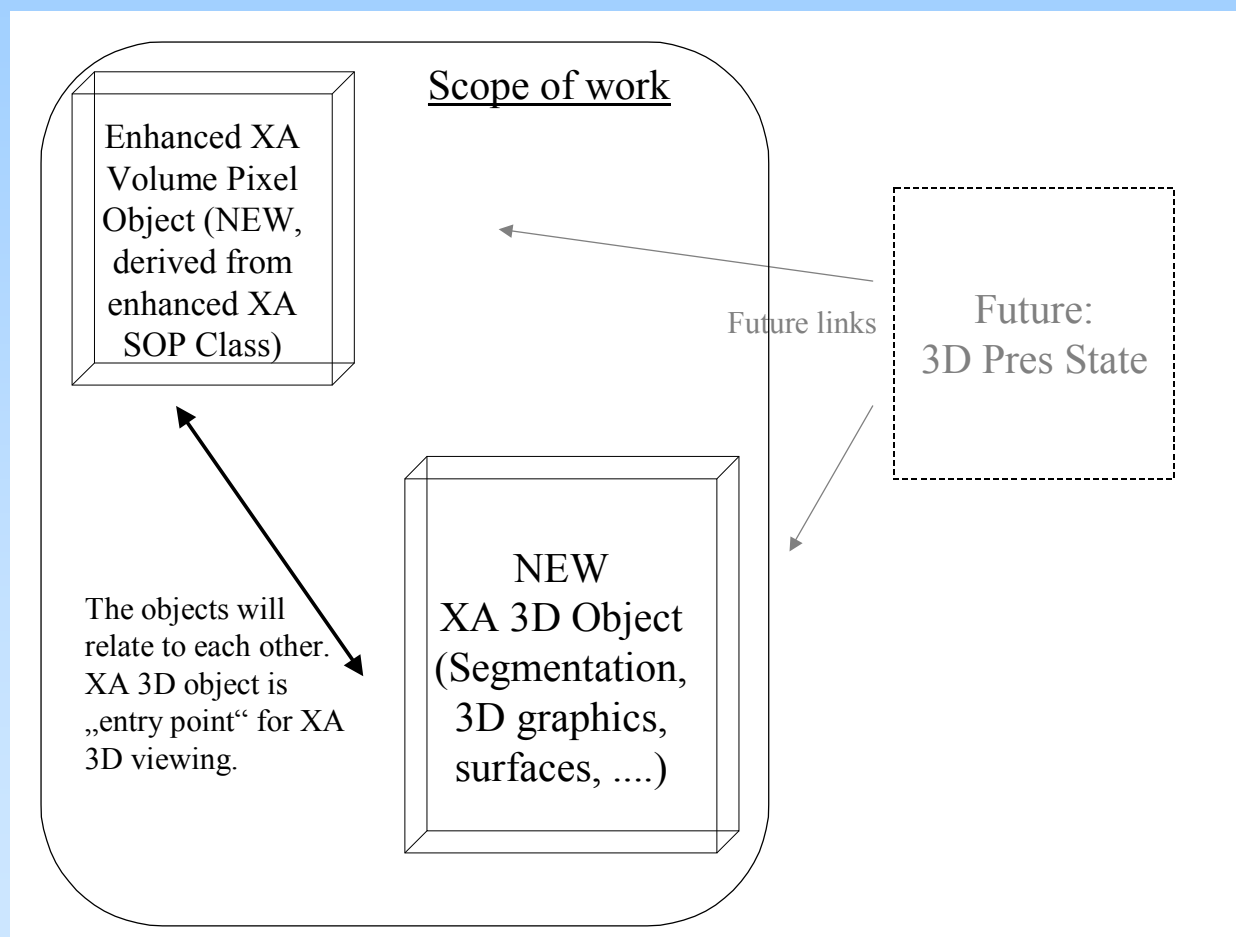
.. to XA 3D volumes



XA 3D – Solution outline

- Think of ...
 - one Storage Class to store Pixel data volume (“XA volume”)
 - another Storage Class to store specific XA 3D results (e.g. segmentations, marks, meshes, surfaces 3D annotations/measurements...)
- ... that can be combined with a future 3D Presentation State solution

XA 3D – Scope of work



Invitation to WG-02

- In case you are interested in “XA 3D” work-item, please contact WG-02 chairman or visit our next meetings.

Contact WG-02 chairman

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Next meetings:

- October 27th and 28th, 2005 in Washington
- December 12th to 14th, 2005 at DIN (Berlin)